

## MOS INTEGRATED CIRCUIT $\mu$ PD431000A

#### 1M-BIT CMOS STATIC RAM 128K-WORD BY 8-BIT

#### **Description**

The  $\mu$ PD431000A is a high speed, low power, and 1,048,576 bits (131,072 words by 8 bits) CMOS static RAM.

The  $\mu$ PD431000A has two chip enable pins (/CE1, CE2) to extend the capacity. And battery backup is available. In addition to this, A and B versions are low voltage operations.

The  $\mu$ PD431000A is packed in 32-pin PLASTIC DIP, 32-pin PLASTIC SOP and 32-pin PLASTIC TSOP (I) (8  $\times$  13.4 mm) and (8  $\times$  20 mm).

#### **Features**

- 131,072 words by 8 bits organization
- Fast access time: 70, 85, 100, 120, 150 ns (MAX.)
- Low voltage operation (A version: Vcc = 3.0 to 5.5 V, B version: Vcc = 2.7 to 5.5 V)
- Operating ambient temperature: T<sub>A</sub> = 0 to 70 °C
- Low Vcc data retention: 2.0 V (MIN.)
- Output Enable input for easy application
- Two Chip Enable inputs: /CE1, CE2

Part number	Access time	Operating supply	Operating ambient		Supply curre	ent
	ns (MAX.)	voltage	temperature	At operating	At standby	At data retention
		V	°C	mA (MAX.)	μ <b>Α</b> (MAX.)	μΑ (MAX.) Note1
μPD431000A-xxL	70, 85	4.5 to 5.5	0 to 70	70	100	15
$\mu$ PD431000A-xxLL					20	3
μPD431000A-Axx	70 <sup>Note2</sup> , 100	3.0 to 5.5		35 Note3	13 Note5	
μPD431000A-Bxx	70 Note2, 100, 120, 150	2.7 to 5.5		30 Note4	11 Note6	

Notes 1. T<sub>A</sub> ≤ 40 °C

- **2.** Vcc = 4.5 to 5.5 V
- **3.** 70 mA (Vcc > 3.6 V)
- 4. 70 mA (Vcc > 3.3 V)
- **5.** 20  $\mu$ A (Vcc > 3.6 V)
- **6.** 20  $\mu$ A (Vcc > 3.3 V)

The information in this document is subject to change without notice. Before using this document, please confirm that this is the latest version.

Not all devices/types available in every country. Please check with local NEC representative for availability and additional information.



#### **Ordering Information**

Part number	Package	Access time	Operating supply	Operating ambient	Remark
		ns (MAX.)	voltage	temperature	
			V	°C	
μPD431000ACZ-70L	32-pin PLASTIC DIP	70	4.5 to 5.5	0 to 70	L version
μPD431000ACZ-85L	(15.24mm (600))	85			
μPD431000ACZ-70LL		70			LL version
μPD431000ACZ-85LL		85			
μPD431000AGW-70L	32-pin PLASTIC SOP	70	4.5 to 5.5		L version
μPD431000AGW-85L	(13.34 mm (525))	85			
μPD431000AGW-70LL		70			LL version
μPD431000AGW-85LL		85			
μPD431000AGW-A10		100	3.0 to 5.5		A version
μPD431000AGW-B12		120	2.7 to 5.5		B version
μPD431000AGW-B15		150			
μPD431000AGZ-85L-KJH	32-pin PLASTIC TSOP(I)	85	4.5 to 5.5		L version
μPD431000AGZ-70LL-KJH	(8x20) (Normal bent)	70			LL version
μPD431000AGZ-85LL-KJH		85			
μPD431000AGZ-B10-KJH		100	2.7 to 5.5		B version
μPD431000AGZ-B15-KJH		150			
μPD431000AGZ-70LL-KKH	32-pin PLASTIC TSOP(I)	70	4.5 to 5.5		LL version
μPD431000AGZ-B15-KKH	(8x20) (Reverse bent)	150	2.7 to 5.5		B version
μPD431000AGU-B10-9JH	32-pin PLASTIC TSOP(I)	100	2.7 to 5.5		B version
μPD431000AGU-B12-9JH	(8x13.4) (Normal bent)	120			
μPD431000AGU-B15-9JH		150			
μPD431000AGU-B10-9KH	32-pin PLASTIC TSOP(I)	100			
	(8x13.4) (Reverse bent)				

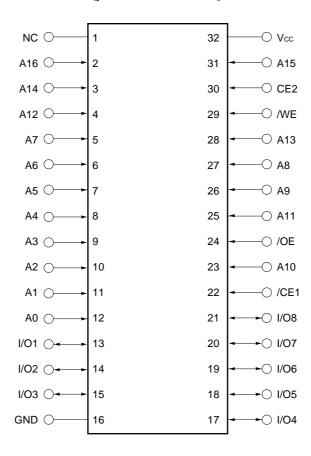
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#### Pin Configurations (Marking Side)

/xxx indicates active low signal.

32-pin PLASTIC DIP (15.24 mm (600))
[μPD431000ACZ-xxL]
[μPD431000ACZ-xxLL]



A0 - A16 : Address inputs

I/O1 - I/O8 : Data inputs / outputs

/CE1, CE2 : Chip Enable 1, 2

/WE : Write Enable
/OE : Output Enable
Vcc : Power supply

GND : Ground

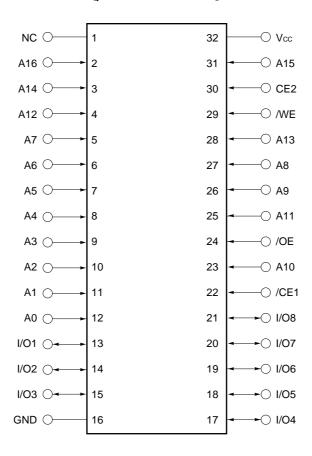
NC : No connection

Remark Refer to Package Drawings for the 1-pin index mark.

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#### 32-pin PLASTIC SOP (13.34 mm (525))

[μPD431000AGW-xxL]
[μPD431000AGW-xxLL]
[μPD431000AGW-Axx]
[μPD431000AGW-Bxx]



A0 - A16 : Address inputs

I/O1 - I/O8 : Data inputs / outputs

/CE1, CE2 : Chip Enable 1, 2

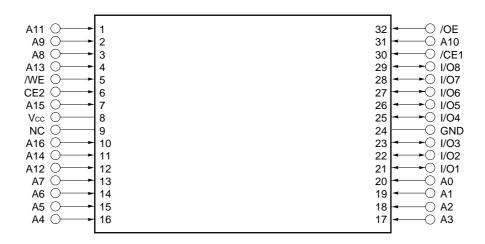
/WE : Write Enable
/OE : Output Enable
Vcc : Power supply

GND : Ground

NC : No connection

Remark Refer to Package Drawings for the 1-pin index mark.

# 32-pin PLASTIC TSOP(I) (8x20) (Normal bent) [μPD431000AGZ-xxL-KJH] [μPD431000AGZ-xxLL-KJH]



## 32-pin PLASTIC TSOP(I) (8x20) (Reverse bent) $[\mu PD431000AGZ\text{-}xxLL\text{-}KKH}]$ $[\mu PD431000AGZ\text{-}Bxx\text{-}KKH}]$



A0 - A16 : Address inputs

I/O1 - I/O8 : Data inputs / outputs

/CE1, CE2 : Chip Enable 1, 2

/WE : Write Enable

/OE : Output Enable

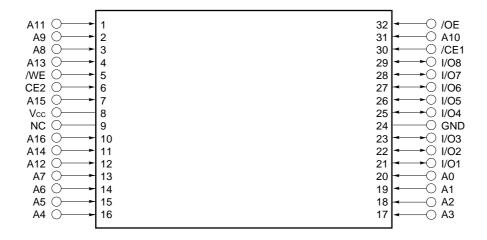
Vcc : Power supply

GND : Ground

NC : No connection

**Remark** Refer to **Package Drawings** for the 1-pin index mark.

### 32-pin PLASTIC TSOP(I) (8x13.4) (Normal bent) [μPD431000AGU-Bxx-9JH]



### 32-pin PLASTIC TSOP(I) (8x13.4) (Reverse bent) [μPD431000AGU-Bxx-9KH]



A0 - A16 : Address inputs

I/O1 - I/O8 : Data inputs / outputs/CE1, CE2 : Chip Enable 1, 2/WE : Write Enable/OE : Output Enable

: Power supply

GND : Ground

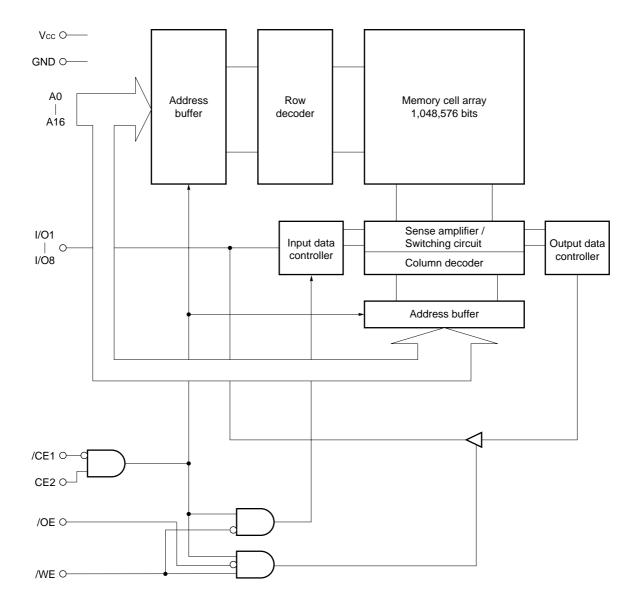
Vcc

NC : No connection

**Remark** Refer to **Package Drawings** for the 1-pin index mark.



#### **Block Diagram**



**Truth Table** 

/CE1	CE2	/OE	/WE	Mode	I/O	Supply current
Н	×	×	×	Not selected	High impedance	İsb
×	L	×	×			
L	Н	Н	Н	Output disable		ICCA
L	Н	L	Н	Read	<b>D</b> оит	
L	Н	×	L	Write	Din	

Remark  $\times$ : VIH or VIL



#### **Electrical Specifications**

#### **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Rating	Unit
Supply voltage	Vcc		-0.5 Note to +7.0	V
Input / Output voltage	VT		-0.5 Note to Vcc + 0.5	٧
Operating ambient temperature	TA		0 to 70	°C
Storage temperature	Tstg		–55 to +125	°C

Note -3.0 V (MIN.) (Pulse width: 30 ns)

Caution Exposing the device to stress above those listed in Absolute Maximum Rating could cause permanent damage. The device is not meant to be operated under conditions outside the limits described in the operational section of this specification. Exposure to Absolute Maximum Rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

#### **Recommended Operating Conditions**

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	μPD431000A-xxL		μPD431000A-Axx		μPD431000A-Bxx		Unit
			μPD4310	μPD431000A-xxLL					
			MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
Supply voltage	Vcc		4.5	5.5	3.0	5.5	2.7	5.5	٧
High level input voltage	VIH		2.2	Vcc+0.5	2.2	Vcc+0.5	2.2	Vcc+0.5	V
Low level input voltage	VIL		-0.3 Note	+0.8	-0.3 Note	+0.5	-0.3 Note	+0.5	V
Operating ambient temperature	TA		0	70	0	70	0	70	°C

Note -3.0 V (MIN.) (Pulse width: 30 ns)

#### Capacitance (T<sub>A</sub> = 25 °C, f = 1 MHz)

Parameter	Symbol	Test conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Input capacitance	Cin	V <sub>IN</sub> = 0 V			6	pF
Input / Output capacitance	Cı/o	V <sub>I/O</sub> = 0 V			10	pF

Remarks 1. VIN: Input voltage

 $V_{\text{I/O}}$  : Input / Output voltage

2. These parameters are not 100% tested.



#### DC Characteristics (Recommended Operating Conditions Unless Otherwise Noted) (1/2)

Parameter	Symbol	Test condit	tion	μPD4	431000	4-xxL	μPD4	31000 <i>A</i>	\-xxLL	μPD4	131000	4-Ахх	Unit
				MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	
Input leakage current	lu	V <sub>IN</sub> = 0 V to V <sub>CC</sub>		-1.0		+1.0	-1.0		+1.0	-1.0		+1.0	μΑ
I/O leakage	ILO	V <sub>I/O</sub> = 0 V to V <sub>CC</sub> ,		-1.0		+1.0	-1.0		+1.0	-1.0		+1.0	μΑ
current		/CE1 = V <sub>IH</sub> or CE2 = Y	VIL										
		or /WE = V <sub>IL</sub> or /OE =	· VIH										
Operating	ICCA1	/CE1 = V <sub>IL</sub> , CE2 = V <sub>I</sub>	١,		40	70		40	70		40	70	mA
supply current		I <sub>1/O</sub> = 0 mA											
		Minimum cycle time	Vcc ≤ 3.6 V			_			_			35	
	ICCA2	/CE1 = V <sub>IL</sub> , CE2 = V <sub>I</sub>	H, II/O = 0 mA,			15			15			15	
		Cycle time = ∞	Vcc ≤ 3.6 V			_			_			8	
	Іссаз	/CE1 ≤ 0.2 V, CE2 ≥	Vcc – 0.2 V,			10			10			10	
		Cycle time = 1 $\mu$ s, Ivo	o = 0 mA,										
		$V_{\text{IL}} \leq 0.2 \text{ V, V}_{\text{IH}} \geq V_{\text{CC}}$	– 0.2 V										
			Vcc ≤ 3.6 V			_			_			8	
Standby	Isb	/CE1 = V <sub>IH</sub> or CE2 = Y	<b>V</b> IL			3			3			3	mA
supply current			Vcc ≤ 3.6 V			_			_			2	
	I <sub>SB1</sub>	/CE1 ≥ Vcc - 0.2 V,			2	100		1	20		1	20	μΑ
		CE2 ≥ Vcc – 0.2 V	Vcc ≤ 3.6 V			_			_		0.5	13	
	I <sub>SB2</sub>	CE2 ≤ 0.2 V			2	100		1	20		1	20	
			Vcc ≤ 3.6 V		_	_		_	_		0.5	13	
High level	V <sub>OH1</sub>	I <sub>OH</sub> = −1.0 mA, V <sub>CC</sub> ≥	4.5 V	2.4			2.4			2.4			V
output voltage		Iон = -0.5 mA		_			_			2.4			
_	V <sub>OH2</sub>	Iон = -0.02 mA		_			_			Vcc-0.1			
Low level	V <sub>OL1</sub>	IoL = 2.1 mA, Vcc ≥ 4	.5 V			0.4			0.4			0.4	V
output voltage		I <sub>OL</sub> = 1.0 mA				_			_			0.4	
	V <sub>OL2</sub>	I <sub>OL</sub> = 0.02 mA				_			_			0.1	

Remarks 1. VIN: Input voltage

V<sub>I/O</sub>: Input / Output voltage

2. These DC characteristics are in common regardless product classification.

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#### DC Characteristics (Recommended Operating Conditions Unless Otherwise Noted) (2/2)

Parameter	Symbol	Test condition	Test condition				Unit
			MIN.	TYP.	MAX.		
Input leakage current	lu	V <sub>IN</sub> = 0 V to V <sub>CC</sub>		-1.0		+1.0	μΑ
I/O leakage current	ILO	V <sub>I/O</sub> = 0 V to V <sub>CC</sub> , /CE1 = V <sub>IH</sub> or CE2 = V	/ <sub>IL</sub>	-1.0		+1.0	μΑ
		or /WE = V <sub>IL</sub> or /OE = V <sub>IH</sub>					
Operating supply current	ICCA1	/CE1 = V <sub>IL</sub> , CE2 = V <sub>IH</sub> , I <sub>I/O</sub> = 0 mA		40	70	mA	
		Minimum cycle time	Vcc ≤ 3.3 V			30	
	Icca2	/CE1 = V <sub>IL</sub> , CE2 = V <sub>IH</sub> , I <sub>I/O</sub> = 0 mA,			15		
		Cycle time = ∞	Cycle time = $\infty$ $V_{CC} \le 3.3 \text{ V}$				
	Іссаз	/CE1 ≤ 0.2 V, CE2 ≥ Vcc - 0.2 V,				10	
		Cycle time = 1 $\mu$ s, I <sub>VO</sub> = 0 mA,	Cycle time = 1 $\mu$ s, I <sub>VO</sub> = 0 mA,				
		$V_{IL} \le 0.2 \text{ V}, \text{ V}_{IH} \ge V_{CC} - 0.2 \text{ V}$	$V_{\text{IL}} \le 0.2 \text{ V}, \text{ V}_{\text{IH}} \ge \text{V}_{\text{CC}} - 0.2 \text{ V}$ $V_{\text{CC}} \le 3.3 \text{ V}$				
Standby supply current	IsB	/CE1 = VIH or CE2 = VIL				3	mA
			Vcc ≤ 3.3 V			2	
	I <sub>SB1</sub>	/CE1 ≥ Vcc – 0.2 V, CE2 ≥ Vcc – 0.2 V			1	20	μΑ
			Vcc ≤ 3.3 V		0.5	11	
	I <sub>SB2</sub>	CE2 ≤ 0.2 V			1	20	
			Vcc ≤ 3.3 V		0.5	11	
High level output voltage	V <sub>OH1</sub>	I <sub>OH</sub> = −1.0 mA, V <sub>CC</sub> ≥ 4.5 V		2.4			V
		Iон = -0.5 mA	2.4				
	V <sub>OH2</sub>	loн = -0.02 mA		Vcc-0.1			
Low level output voltage	V <sub>OL1</sub>	IoL = 2.1 mA, Vcc ≥ 4.5 V				0.4	V
		IoL = 1.0 mA				0.4	
	V <sub>OL2</sub>	I <sub>OL</sub> = 0.02 mA				0.1	

Remarks 1. V<sub>IN</sub>: Input voltage

Vi/o : Input / Output voltage

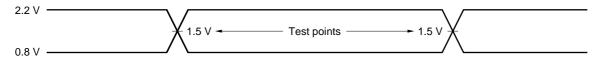
2. These DC characteristics are in common regardless product classification.

#### AC Characteristics (Recommended Operating Conditions Unless Otherwise Noted)

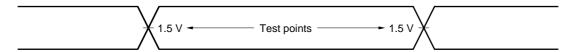
#### **AC Test Conditions**

#### $[\mu \text{PD431000A-70L}, \, \mu \text{PD431000A-85L}, \, \mu \text{PD431000A-70LL}, \, \mu \text{PD431000A-85LL}]$

Input Waveform (Rise and Fall Time ≤ 5 ns)



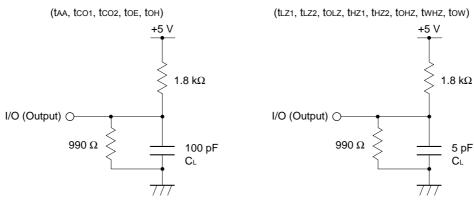
#### **Output Waveform**



#### **Output Load**

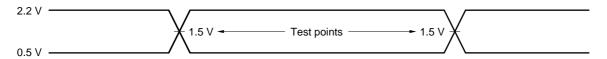
AC characteristics should be measured with the following output load conditions.

Figure 1 Figure 2

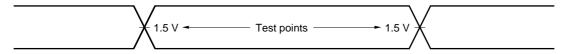


Remark CL includes capacitance of the probe and jig, and stray capacitance.

## ★ [ $\mu$ PD431000A-A10, $\mu$ PD431000A-B10, $\mu$ PD431000A-B12, $\mu$ PD431000A-B15] Input Waveform (Rise and Fall Time ≤ 5 ns)



#### **Output Waveform**



#### **Output Load**

AC characteristics should be measured with the following output load conditions.

Part number	Output load condition						
	taa, tco1, tco2, toE, toH	tlz1, tlz2, tolz, thz1, thz2, tohz, twhz, tow					
μPD431000A-A10, μPD431000A-B10, μPD431000A-B12	1TTL + 50 pF	1TTL + 5 pF					
μPD431000A-B15	1TTL + 100 pF	1TTL + 5 pF					



#### Read Cycle (1/2)

Parameter	Symbol		Vcc≥	4.5 V		Vcc≥	3.0 V	Unit	Condition
		μPD431	μPD431000A-70		μPD431000A-85		μPD431000A-A10		
		μPD4310	000A-Axx						
		μPD4310	000A-Bxx						
		MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.		
Read cycle time	<b>t</b> RC	70		85		100		ns	
Address access time	<b>t</b> AA		70		85		100	ns	Note
/CE1 access time	<b>t</b> co1		70		85		100	ns	
CE2 access time	<b>t</b> co2		70		85		100	ns	
/OE to output valid	toe		35		45		50	ns	
Output hold from address change	tон	10		10		10		ns	
/CE1 to output in low impedance	<b>t</b> LZ1	10		10		10		ns	
CE2 to output in low impedance	tLZ2	10		10		10		ns	
/OE to output in low impedance	tolz	5		5		5		ns	
/CE1 to output in high impedance	<b>t</b> HZ1		25		30		35	ns	
CE2 to output in high impedance	t <sub>HZ2</sub>		25		30		35	ns	
/OE to output in high impedance	tонz		25		30		35	ns	

Note See the output load.

Remark These AC characteristics are in common regardless of package types.

#### ★ Read Cycle (2/2)

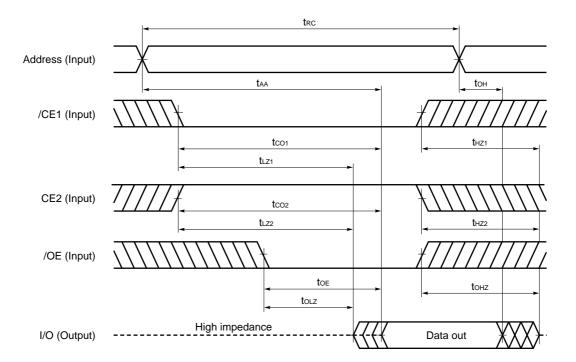
Parameter	Symbol			Vcc ≥	2.7 V			Unit	Condition
		μPD4310	000A-B10	μPD431000A-B12		μPD4310	000A-B15		
		MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.		
Read cycle time	<b>t</b> RC	100		120		150		ns	
Address access time	<b>t</b> AA		100		120		150	ns	Note
/CE1 access time	<b>t</b> co1		100		120		150	ns	
CE2 access time	<b>t</b> co2		100		120		150	ns	
/OE to output valid	toe		50		60		70	ns	
Output hold from address change	tон	10		10		10		ns	
/CE1 to output in low impedance	<b>t</b> LZ1	10		10		10		ns	
CE2 to output in low impedance	t <sub>LZ2</sub>	10		10		10		ns	
/OE to output in low impedance	tolz	5		5		5		ns	
/CE1 to output in high impedance	<b>t</b> HZ1		35		40		50	ns	
CE2 to output in high impedance	t <sub>HZ2</sub>		35		40		50	ns	
/OE to output in high impedance	tонz		35		40		50	ns	

Note See the output load.

**Remark** These AC characteristics are in common regardless of package types.



#### **Read Cycle Timing Chart**



**Remark** In read cycle, /WE should be fixed to high level.



#### Write Cycle (1/2)

Parameter	Symbol		Vcc≥	4.5 V		Vcc ≥	3.0 V	Unit	Condition
,		μPD431	μPD431000A-70		μPD431000A-85		000A-A10		
		μPD4310	000A-Axx						
		μPD4310	000A-Bxx						
		MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.		
Write cycle time	twc	70		85		100		ns	
/CE1 to end of write	tcw1	55		70		80		ns	
CE2 to end of write	tcw2	55		70		80		ns	
Address valid to end of write	taw	55		70		80		ns	
Address setup time	tas	0		0		0		ns	
Write pulse width	twp	50		60		60		ns	
Write recovery time	twr	5		5		0		ns	
Data valid to end of write	tow	35		35		60		ns	
Data hold time	tон	0		0		0		ns	
/WE to output in high impedance	<b>t</b> wnz		25		30		35	ns	Note
Output active from end of write	tow	5		5		5		ns	

Note See the output load.

**Remark** These AC characteristics are in common regardless package types.

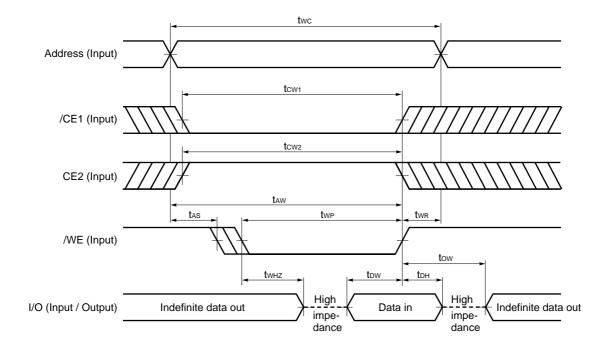
#### **★** Write Cycle (2/2)

Parameter	Symbol	Vcc ≥ 2.7 V					Unit	Condition	
		μPD431000A-B10		μPD431000A-B12		μPD431000A-B15			
		MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.		
Write cycle time	twc	100		120		150		ns	
/CE1 to end of write	tcw1	80		100		120		ns	
CE2 to end of write	tcw2	80		100		120		ns	
Address valid to end of write	taw	80		100		120		ns	
Address setup time	<b>t</b> AS	0		0		0		ns	
Write pulse width	<b>t</b> wp	60		85		100		ns	
Write recovery time	twr	0		0		0		ns	
Data valid to end of write	tow	60		60		80		ns	
Data hold time	tон	0		0		0		ns	
/WE to output in high impedance	twнz		35		40		50	ns	Note
Output active from end of write	tow	5		5		5		ns	

Note See the output load.

**Remark** These AC characteristics are in common regardless of package types.

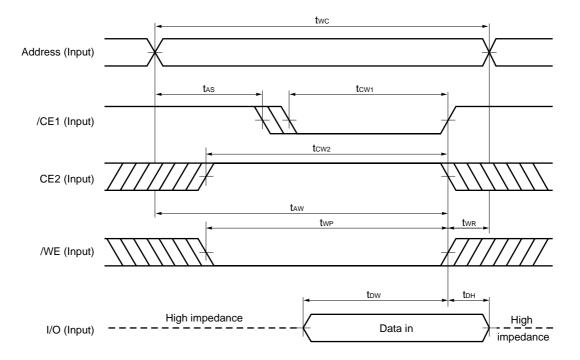
#### Write Cycle Timing Chart 1 (/WE Controlled)



- Cautions 1. During address transition, at least one of pins /CE1, CE2, /WE should be inactivated.
  - 2. Do not input data to the I/O pins while they are in the output state.
- Remarks 1. Write operation is done during the overlap time of a low level /CE1, /WE and a high level CE2.
  - 2. If /CE1 changes to low level at the same time or after the change of /WE to low level, or if CE2 changes to high level at the same time or after the change of /WE to low level, the I/O pins will remain high impedance state.
  - 3. When /WE is at low level, the I/O pins are always high impedance. When /WE is at high level, read operation is executed. Therefore /OE should be at high level to make the I/O pins high impedance.

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#### Write Cycle Timing Chart 2 (/CE1 Controlled)

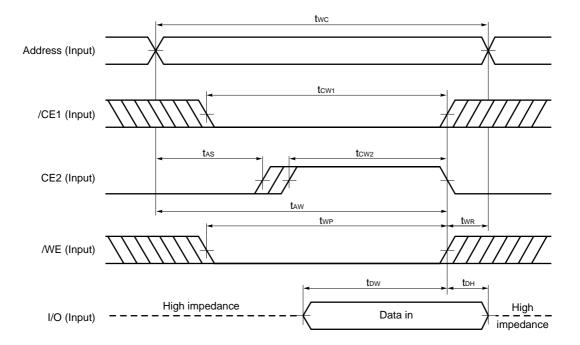


Cautions 1. During address transition, at least one of pins /CE1, CE2, /WE should be inactivated.

2. Do not input data to the I/O pins while they are in the output state.

**Remark** Write operation is done during the overlap time of a low level /CE1, /WE and a high level CE2.

#### Write Cycle Timing Chart 3 (CE2 Controlled)



Cautions 1. During address transition, at least one of pins /CE1, CE2, /WE should be inactivated.

2. Do not input data to the I/O pins while they are in the output state.

**Remark** Write operation is done during the overlap time of a low level /CE1, /WE and a high level CE2.

Low Vcc Data Retention Characteristics (TA = 0 to 70  $^{\circ}$ C)

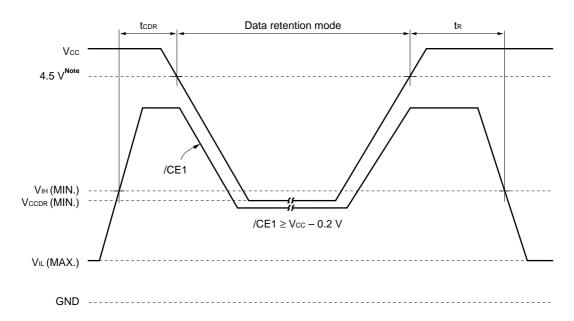
Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	μΡΕ	μPD431000A-xxL		μPD431000A-xxLL μPD431000A-Axx			Unit
						μPD431000A-Bxx			
			MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	
Data retention	Vccdr1	/CE1 ≥ Vcc - 0.2 V,	2.0		5.5	2.0		5.5	V
supply voltage		CE2 ≥ Vcc – 0.2 V							
	Vccdr2	CE2 ≤ 0.2 V	2.0		5.5	2.0		5.5	
Data retention	Iccdr1	Vcc = 3.0 V, /CE1 ≥ Vcc – 0.2 V,		1	50 Note1		0.5	10 Note2	μΑ
supply current		CE2 ≥ Vcc – 0.2 V							
	Iccdr2	Vcc = 3.0 V, CE2 ≤ 0.2 V		1	50 Note1		0.5	10 Note2	
Chip deselection	tcdr		0			0			ns
to data retention									
mode									
Operation	<b>t</b> R		5			5			ms
recovery time									

**Notes 1.** 15  $\mu$ A (TA  $\leq$  40  $^{\circ}$ C)

**2.**  $3 \mu A (T_A \le 40 \, ^{\circ}C)$ 

#### **Data Retention Timing Chart**

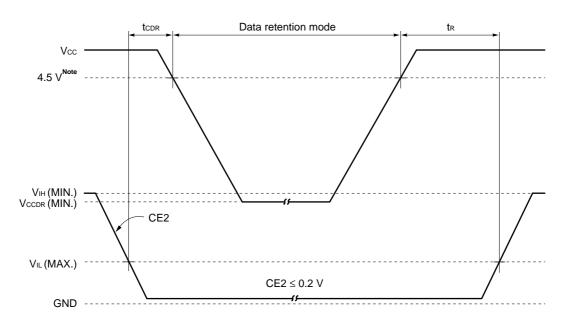
#### (1) /CE1 Controlled



Note A version: 3.0 V, B version: 2.7 V

**Remark** On the data retention mode by controlling /CE1, the input level of CE2 must be CE2  $\geq$  Vcc - 0.2 V or CE2  $\leq$  0.2 V. The other pins (Address, I/O, /WE, /OE) can be in high impedance state.

#### (2) CE2 Controlled

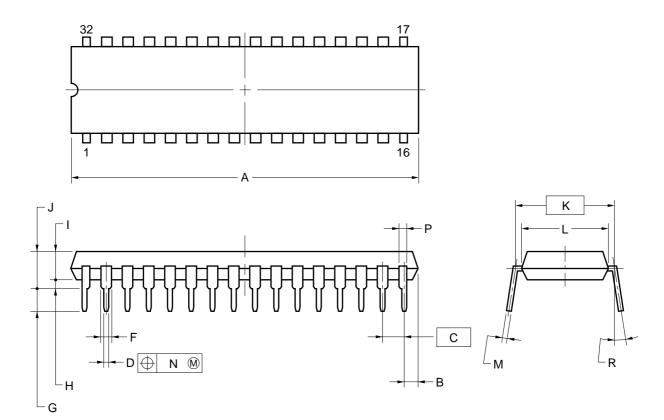


Note A version: 3.0 V, B version: 2.7 V

**Remark** On the data retention mode by controlling CE2, the other pins (/CE1, Address, I/O, /WE, /OE) can be in high impedance state.

#### **Package Drawings**

#### 32-PIN PLASTIC DIP (15.24mm(600))



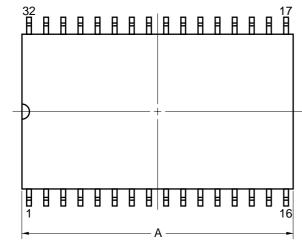
#### NOTES

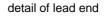
- 1. Each lead centerline is located within 0.25 mm of its true position (T.P.) at maximum material condition.
- 2. Item "K" to center of leads when formed parallel.

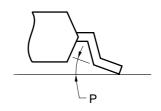
ITEM	MILLIMETERS
Α	40.64 MAX.
В	1.27 MAX.
С	2.54 (T.P.)
D	0.50±0.10
F	1.1 MIN.
G	3.2±0.3
Н	0.51 MIN.
- 1	4.31 MAX.
J	5.08 MAX.
K	15.24 (T.P.)
L	13.2
М	$0.25^{+0.10}_{-0.05}$
N	0.25
Р	0.9 MIN.
R	0 - 15°

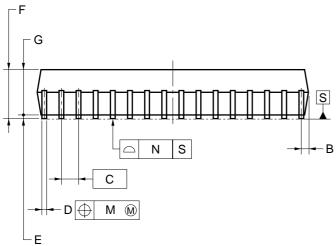
P32C-100-600A-2

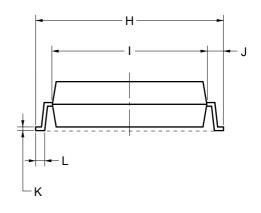
#### 32-PIN PLASTIC SOP (13.34 mm (525))











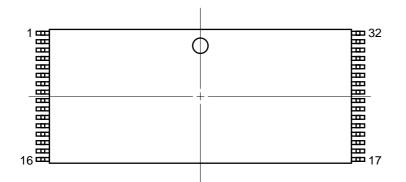
#### NOTE

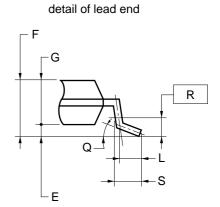
Each lead centerline is located within 0.12 mm of its true position (T.P.) at maximum material condition.

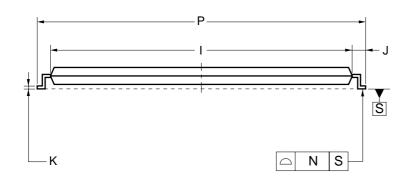
ITEM	MILLIMETERS
A	20.61 MAX.
В	0.78 MAX.
С	1.27 (T.P.)
D	$0.40^{+0.10}_{-0.05}$
Е	0.15±0.05
F	2.95 MAX.
G	2.7
Н	14.1±0.3
ı	11.3
J	1.4±0.2
K	$0.20^{+0.10}_{-0.05}$
L	0.8±0.2
М	0.12
N	0.10
P	3° <sup>+7°</sup> -3°

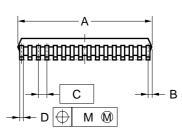
P32GW-50-525A-1

#### 32-PIN PLASTIC TSOP(I) (8x20)









#### **NOTES**

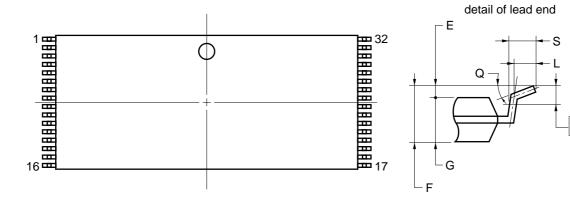
- Each lead centerline is located within 0.10 mm of its true position (T.P.) at maximum material condition.
- 2. "A" excludes mold flash. (Includes mold flash :  $8.3 \ \text{mm} \ \text{MAX.}$ )

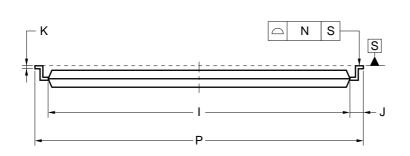
ITEM	MILLIMETERS
A	8.0±0.1
В	0.45 MAX.
С	0.5 (T.P.)
D	0.22±0.05
Е	0.1±0.05
F	1.2 MAX.
G	0.97±0.08
- 1	18.4±0.1
J	0.8±0.2
K	0.145±0.05
L	0.5
М	0.10
N	0.10
P	20.0±0.2
Q	3°+5°
R	0.25
S	0.60±0.15

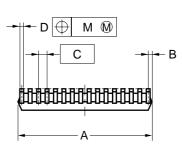
S32GZ-50-KJH1-2

R

#### 32-PIN PLASTIC TSOP(I) (8x20)







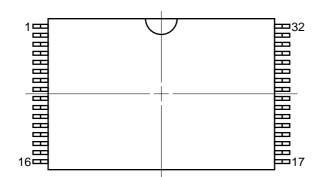
#### **NOTES**

- 1. Each lead centerline is located within 0.10 mm of its true position (T.P.) at maximum material condition.
- 2. "A" excludes mold flash. (Includes mold flash: 8.3 mm MAX.)

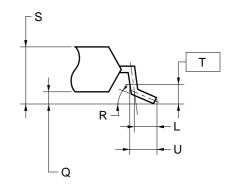
ITEM	MILLIMETERS
Α	8.0±0.1
В	0.45 MAX.
С	0.5 (T.P.)
D	0.22±0.05
Е	0.1±0.05
F	1.2 MAX.
G	0.97±0.08
ı	18.4±0.1
J	0.8±0.2
K	0.145±0.05
L	0.5
М	0.10
N	0.10
Р	20.0±0.2
Q	3°+5°
R	0.25
S	0.60±0.15
	20007 50 1/1/114 0

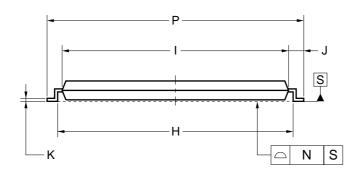
S32GZ-50-KKH1-2

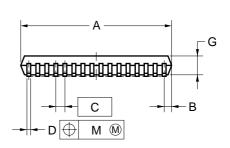
#### 32-PIN PLASTIC TSOP(I) (8x13.4)











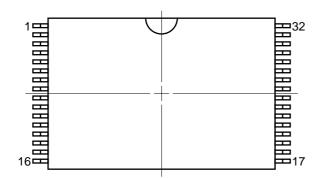
#### NOTES

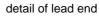
- Each lead centerline is located within 0.08 mm of its true position (T.P.) at maximum material condition.
- 2. "A" excludes mold flash. (Includes mold flash: 8.3 mm MAX.)

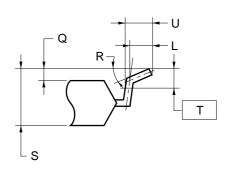
ITEM	MILLIMETERS
Α	8.0±0.1
В	0.45 MAX.
С	0.5 (T.P.)
D	0.22±0.05
G	1.0±0.05
Н	12.4±0.2
I	11.8±0.1
J	0.8±0.2
K	$0.145^{+0.025}_{-0.015}$
L	0.5
М	0.08
N	0.08
Р	13.4±0.2
Q	0.1±0.05
R	3°+5° -3°
S	1.2 MAX.
Т	0.25
U	0.6±0.15

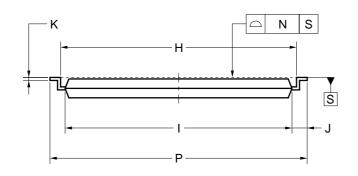
P32GU-50-9JH-2

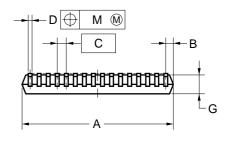
#### **★** 32-PIN PLASTIC TSOP(I) (8x13.4)











#### NOTES

- 1. Each lead centerline is located within 0.08 mm of its true position (T.P.) at maximum material condition.
- 2. "A" excludes mold flash. (Includes mold flash: 8.3 mm MAX.)

ITEM	MILLIMETERS
Α	8.0±0.1
В	0.45 MAX.
С	0.5 (T.P.)
D	0.22±0.05
G	1.0±0.05
Н	12.4±0.2
1	11.8±0.1
J	0.8±0.2
K	0.145 <sup>+0.025</sup> -0.015
L	0.5
М	0.08
N	0.08
P	13.4±0.2
Q	0.1±0.05
R	3°+5° -3°
S	1.2 MAX.
Т	0.25
U	0.6±0.15

P32GU-50-9KH-2

#### **Recommended Soldering Conditions**

The following conditions must be met when soldering conditions of the  $\mu$ PD431000A.

For more details, refer to our document "SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICE MOUNTING TECHNOLOGY MANUAL" (C10535E).

Please consult with our sales offices in case other soldering process is used, or in case soldering is done under different conditions.

#### **Types of Surface Mount Device**

μPD431000AGW-xxLL : 32-pin PLASTIC SOP (13.34 mm (525)) μPD431000AGW-xxLL : 32-pin PLASTIC SOP (13.34 mm (525)) μPD431000AGW-Axx : 32-pin PLASTIC SOP (13.34 mm (525)) μPD431000AGW-Bxx : 32-pin PLASTIC SOP (13.34 mm (525)) μPD431000AGZ-xxL-KJH : 32-pin PLASTIC TSOP(I) (8x20) (Normal bent) μPD431000AGZ-xxLL-KJH : 32-pin PLASTIC TSOP(I) (8x20) (Normal bent) μPD431000AGZ-xxLL-KKH : 32-pin PLASTIC TSOP(I) (8x20) (Reverse bent) μPD431000AGZ-Bxx-KJH : 32-pin PLASTIC TSOP(I) (8x20) (Normal bent) μPD431000AGZ-Bxx-KKH : 32-pin PLASTIC TSOP(I) (8x20) (Reverse bent) μPD431000AGU-Bxx-9JH : 32-pin PLASTIC TSOP(I) (8x13.4) (Normal bent) μPD431000AGU-Bxx-9KH : 32-pin PLASTIC TSOP(I) (8x13.4) (Reverse bent)

Please consult with our sales offices.

#### **Types of Through Hole Mount Device**

 $\mu$ PD431000ACZ-xxL: 32-pin PLASTIC DIP (15.24 mm (600))  $\mu$ PD431000ACZ-xxLL: 32-pin PLASTIC DIP (15.24 mm (600))

Soldering process	Soldering conditions		
Wave soldering (Only to leads)	Solder temperature: 260 °C or below, Flow time: 10 seconds or below		
Partial heating method	Pin temperature : 300 °C or below, Time: 3 seconds or below (Per one lead)		

Caution Do not jet molten solder on the surface of package.



#### **Revision History**

Edition/	Page		Type of	Location	Description
Date	This edition	Previous edition	revision		(Previous edition -> This edition)
11th edition/	Throughout	Throughout	Addition	Part number	μPD431000AGZ-B10-KJH
April 2002					μPD431000AGU-B10-9JH
					μPD431000AGU-B10-9KH
	p. 2, 6, 25, 26	p. 2, 6, 25	Addition	Package	32-pin PLASTIC TSOP(I) (8x13.4) (Reverse bent)

NEC  $\mu$ PD431000A

[MEMO]

NEC  $\mu$ PD431000A

[MEMO]

NEC  $\mu$ PD431000A

[MEMO]

#### **NOTES FOR CMOS DEVICES -**

#### 1 PRECAUTION AGAINST ESD FOR SEMICONDUCTORS

Note:

Strong electric field, when exposed to a MOS device, can cause destruction of the gate oxide and ultimately degrade the device operation. Steps must be taken to stop generation of static electricity as much as possible, and quickly dissipate it once, when it has occurred. Environmental control must be adequate. When it is dry, humidifier should be used. It is recommended to avoid using insulators that easily build static electricity. Semiconductor devices must be stored and transported in an anti-static container, static shielding bag or conductive material. All test and measurement tools including work bench and floor should be grounded. The operator should be grounded using wrist strap. Semiconductor devices must not be touched with bare hands. Similar precautions need to be taken for PW boards with semiconductor devices on it.

#### 2 HANDLING OF UNUSED INPUT PINS FOR CMOS

Note:

No connection for CMOS device inputs can be cause of malfunction. If no connection is provided to the input pins, it is possible that an internal input level may be generated due to noise, etc., hence causing malfunction. CMOS devices behave differently than Bipolar or NMOS devices. Input levels of CMOS devices must be fixed high or low by using a pull-up or pull-down circuitry. Each unused pin should be connected to VDD or GND with a resistor, if it is considered to have a possibility of being an output pin. All handling related to the unused pins must be judged device by device and related specifications governing the devices.

#### (3) STATUS BEFORE INITIALIZATION OF MOS DEVICES

Note:

Power-on does not necessarily define initial status of MOS device. Production process of MOS does not define the initial operation status of the device. Immediately after the power source is turned ON, the devices with reset function have not yet been initialized. Hence, power-on does not guarantee out-pin levels, I/O settings or contents of registers. Device is not initialized until the reset signal is received. Reset operation must be executed immediately after power-on for devices having reset function.

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